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**EAST EUROPEAN LANGUAGES  
AND LITERATURES, V**

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**A SUBJECT AND NAME INDEX TO ARTICLES  
IN ENGLISH-LANGUAGE JOURNALS, FEST-  
SCHRIFTEN, CONFERENCE PROCEEDINGS  
AND COLLECTED PAPERS, 1988-1990**

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compiled by

**GARTH M. TERRY**

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**ASTRA PRESS**

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*Glenn Stone Prof.  
(Soc Sci)*

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INTRODUCTION

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## INTRODUCTION

This present work is the third supplement to my two earlier indexes - *East European Languages and Literatures: A Subject and Name Index to Articles in English-Language Journals, 1900-1977* (Oxford, Clio Press, 1978) and *East European Languages and Literatures, II: A Subject and Name Index to Articles in Festschriften, Conference Proceedings, and Collected Papers in the English Language, 1900-1981, and Including Articles in Journals, 1978-1981* (Nottingham, Astra Press, 1982). The first supplement covering the years 1982-84 was published in 1985; the second - 1985-87 - in 1988; the present supplement covers the years 1988-90.

### SOURCES

The Index covers articles for the period 1988-90 in the following sources:

- 1) articles in *Festschriften*, conference proceedings, and collected papers in the English language. A list of abbreviations (denoted by the letter "F" plus a running number) is to be found immediately after this Introduction. Only those works containing three or more articles are mentioned in this list; those with two or less articles are cited in the text. "Collected papers" are defined as a collection of essays by various authors bound together in a volume.
- 2) articles from English-language journals. The same abbreviations are used here as in volumes I-IV thus enabling the reader to use all volumes without any undue difficulty.
- 3) articles omitted either through oversight or ignorance from the earlier volumes. Some of the omissions can be attributed to the fact that the compilation of this present volume was done as quickly as possible after the "finishing" date of 1990 in order to maximise its "current value". This practice leads to omissions since a number of today's journals are published well behind schedule.

All the *Festschriften*, journals, etc., are in English and are published, in the main, in Great Britain and North America, with some in Europe, Africa and Asia. One category deliberately omitted are those published in Eastern Europe. The reason for this is that I wanted to present a picture of Western, i.e. non-East European, scholarship and thought in the Slavonic field. A further category of journals omitted are ones such as *Soviet Studies in Literature* (White Plains, N.Y.) which contain translations of Soviet articles to the exclusion of all else.

### SCOPE

The Index covers articles with a linguistic or literary content on all the Slav-speaking countries of Eastern Europe, the Soviet Union, Hungary and Romania, and the Baltic countries (Estonia, Latvia and Lithuania)

## INTRODUCTION

contained in the lists of *Festschriften*, etc., and journals which follow this Introduction. Articles on Albania, East Germany and Greece are not indexed. Although basically an index to the languages and literatures of the afore-mentioned countries, subjects closely allied – e.g. censorship, folklore, theatre – have been included as well as subjects – e.g. bibliography, Eastern Europe - study & teaching, the press, Russian studies – which might be of interest to the linguist or literary specialist.

It should be noted that where an article discusses both a Slavonic and non-Slavonic theme or person – e.g. E.H.Egeberg's "Norwegian translations of Russian literature" (no.1768) or D.Ayers' "Two bald men: Eliot and Dostoevsky" (no.486) – no separate entry will be found in the Subject Index under the headings "Norwegian literature" or "Eliot". The first example may be found by looking under the heading "Russian literature - literary relations"; references to Eliot, and other such figures, may be found by looking in the Name Index which, upon examination in this case, would reveal two references to Eliot.

### FORMAT

Entries are arranged alphabetically by subject in the Subject Index although each entry is numbered consecutively. Where a subject is subdivided, a list of the sub-divisions employed may be found immediately after the subject-heading. "See" and "see also" references are likewise given here when necessary. Within a heading and any of its sub-divisions, articles are listed according to their date of publication. Thus the latest scholarship on a subject will always appear last. The only exception to this are translations of an author's work – these are always listed last and are arranged alphabetically by title. As no great dividing line exists between some subjects, the reader will be well advised to consult not only the seemingly indicated, but also the kindred and contiguous subject headings. The system of transliteration used for subject headings is that employed by the Library of Congress.

The names of authors about whom articles have been written are abbreviated when placed in sequence under the author heading. For example, under "Pasternak, Boris Leonidovich", the name Pasternak has been abbreviated to P; similarly, under "Tolstoi, Lev Nikolaevich", Tolstoi has been abbreviated to T. A key to the abbreviations used in the text, together with an explanation of their lay-out, follows immediately. An Addendum and Name Index are provided at the end of the work.

*University of Nottingham,  
February 1991*

Garth M. Terry